Activity Design

Title of Activity: <u>Visioning and Action Planning Workshop</u>

1. Objectives:

For Theme 1:

At the end of the workshop, the participants are able to:

- Observe and illustrate the current state of the environment, especially the wetlands in the locality/community including the ecosystem services derived from them:
- J Identify the issues/problems that wetlands are facing;
- Design and present their action plan/special project to help address specific environmental issues and problems in their locality.

For Theme 2:

At the end of the workshop, the participants are able to:

- Identify and reflect in a map the risks, hazards, vulnerability, exposure and capacity in the community;
- Jentify the ecosystems services and the pressures of their wetland in a map (when a wetland is near or within the field exposure site);
- Design and present their action plan/special project to help address disaster risk management, preparedness and CCAM based on the data they gathered during the Disaster Town Watching and the lectures at the Eco-Camp.

2. Total Training Time:

From activity briefing to project presentation, the total training time will be 2-3 hours.

- 3. Mode of delivery: Workshop
- 4. Participants/Prerequisites:

All of the ecocamp participants (around 30-35) will be required to join and do the activity. They will be grouped accordingly (per school, year level, or any classification that is deemed fit for the group).

5. Materials and Equipment:

For giving instructions and templates:

)	Laptop computer
	J	LCD projector
	J	Microphone/Loud speaker
For	the	participants:
	J	Manila papers/Cartolina
	J	Crayons
	J	Pentel pens

6. Procedure

A. For Theme 1: Wetland Conservation

The workshop consists of a step-by-step planning process. The groups are given ample time to work on their action/project plans which are designed to manage environmental problems that the campers themselves have identified and will implement with the help of either their schools or communities.

Facilitation Team and Panel Members

The organizers will facilitate the whole activity. The participating teachers are also asked to help and guide the Eco-campers throughout the activity. The organizers can also invite guests from the LGU as panel (i.e. MENRO, MPDC, MDRRMO, etc.) members, who along with the Resource Persons can act as a Panel in commenting and refining the action plans.

Participants and Groupings

The Eco-Campers will be grouped accordingly, usually per school. If there's a large portion of participants coming from the same school, they should be divided into more than 1 group. If in case this will done in a school based ecological camp, the participants can be grouped according to year level, or any logical classification. If possible, each group will have almost equal number of members.

Visioning

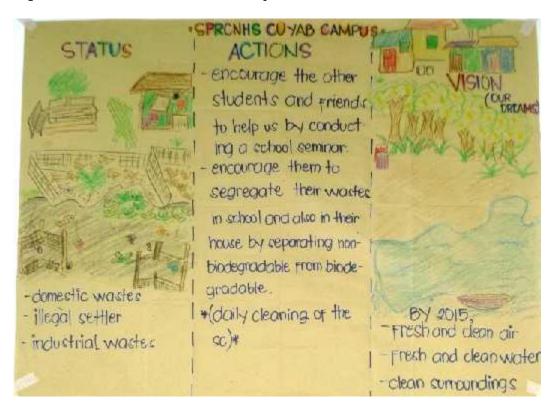
Each group will be given a set of materials (manila papers/cartolina, pentel pens, and crayons). Templates which will be used as guide for the workshop will be shown and the process will be explained by the Facilitators:

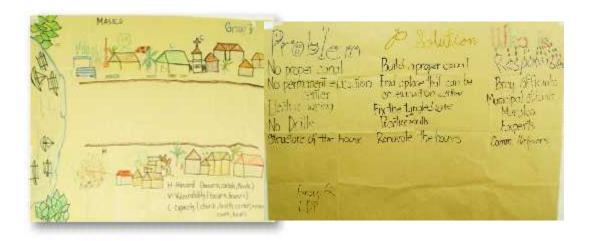
STATUS	INTERVENTION	VISION
(Current state of	(What can the youth	(What the youth want it
the environment)	do?)	to be in 5 - 10 years?)

In the first column, the participants will be asked to list and draw the current state of the environment based on the results of their field exposure trip. Issues and problems will be included in the drawing. This method is called "Rich Picture" (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rich picture) and is used in planning exercises in many wetland workshops. Fifteen to twenty (15-20) minutes will be given to the participants to finish this column.

Next, the third column will be filled up, also through a drawing. The participants should draw what they want the environment to be in five to ten (5 - 10) years. There will also be fifteen to twenty (15-20) minutes allocated to fill up this column.

Lastly, based on the issues and problems identified in the first column, the Eco-campers will identify at most three (3) possible activities/actions to address them and thus help achieve the state indicated in the third column. Thus, they will list the strategies and activities that they can do as students/youth. This column will serve as the bridge connecting the current state and the state they have envisioned.





Figures 1 & 2. Sample output of the Visioning workshop

Action-planning

After the Visioning exercise, the campers are now able to realize that they can do simple things for the environment. In this part of the workshop, they will be taught to make simple action plans that they will implement with support from the school, LGU, and community.

Another set of manila paper/cartolina will be given to each group. The template for the action planning will be shown and explained by Facilitators.

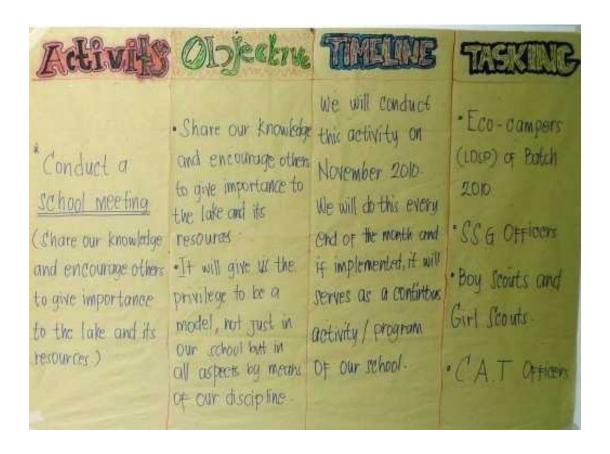
Name of school:							
Project title:							
Objective/s:							
Activities	Timeframe	Tasking	Resources needed				

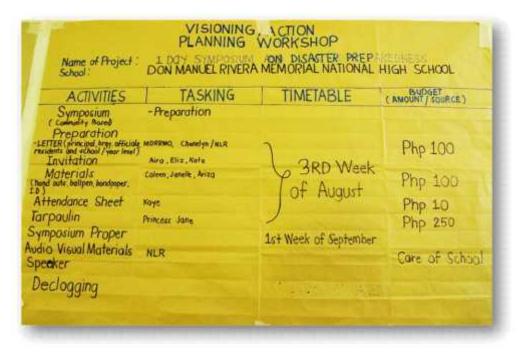
The Facilitator will ask the groups to choose an issue or problem they have identified as indicated in the previous exercise (Visioning).

First, each group should have their own project title. They will be encouraged to have titles which are catchy, and creative but reflects the essence of the project.

Then the group sets the Objectives which should be SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-Oriented). This states the end-result that the campers want to achieve after the implementation of the project. It will help if the Facilitator explains this in simple terms. There are numerous references on the Internet about this topic.

After setting the objectives, the campers should list down specific activities that are needed to achieve them. Activities should be those that the campers themselves can implement with support from parents, schools or the LGU/Barangay. For example, if the project objective is to practice waste segregation in the school, an activity could be to conduct room-to-room campaign about waste segregation in Grades 8 to 9. Each activity should also have a specific timeframe and this should be indicated in the next column. It is important to set the date so that preparations can be planned better. it will be better if the campers can identify the exact schedule. The next step is to identify who will do the task, and the names of the persons/organizations assigned for this activity should be listed in column 3. Usually, majority of tasks are done by the campers themselves, together with their respective school organizations. Assistance from the school administration, teachers, LGU and other organized groups should also be solicited. Lastly, all resources needed (i.e. budget, materials and kits, resource person, venue, etc.) should be listed per activity and plans to procure them should be discussed and agreed on. For example, if there is a need to raise funds, the amount and mode of fund-raising activities should be included in the activities and discussion.





Figures 3 & 4. Sample output of the Action Planning workshop





Pictures 1 & 2. Actual conduct of workshop

Presentation and Reporting of Outputs

After filling up the workshop templates, the campers will present their outputs to the rest of the campers and to the facilitators or panel. Each group will be given fifteen (15) minutes to discuss their vision and action plans. After each presentation, the facilitator (or panel if available) will give his/her comments and recommendations regarding the project. The audience (in this case, the rest of the participants) will also be asked to give their recommendations, questions or clarification. These suggestions will be considered for the revision of the project plans before its actual implementation.



Picture 3. Actual presentation and reporting

Turnover of Project Plans

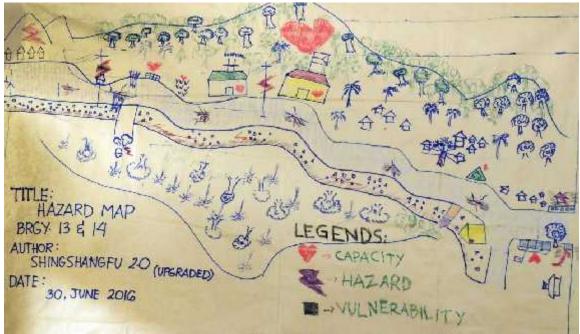
A copy of the outputs of the workshop (i.e. vision and action plans) will then be turnedover to the LGU (MENRO, MPDC or MDRRMO) and to the participating school to solicit their support.

B. For Theme 2: Disaster Risk Reduction and Management and Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation

Basically, the steps that will be taken to plan the Campers action for Theme 2 are the same. The only difference is that the basis for identifying their actions will come from the results of the Disaster Town Watching activity, which is the field exposure exercise for Theme 2. The same steps will be taken to plan for their actions such as:

- Determining the current state of the most vulnerable Barangay through a Risk Map depicting hazards, vulnerability, exposure and capacity. This is also a form of "Rich Picture".
- Agreeing on a "vision" for the future where the community will be "resilient" which should also be depicted on a "Rich Picture"
- J Identifying actions or interventions that the Campers can implement complete with objectives, tasking, timetable and resources needed.
- Presenting the Action Plan to the Campers and to the schools, LGUs, parents and fellow-campers at the last session of the Eco-Camp.
- Turn-over of the Action Plans to the schools, LGUs/Barangay to solicit support for the project.





Figures 5 & 6. Sample of hazard maps

Template 2 Action Planning Objective: To maintain our surroundings dean and to prevent our and water pollution To uplift the awareness of the community for the prevention of planting. Expected Outputs Timetable Budget Activity Objective asking Pha 3000 April 11,2016 (formto Give information - Prevention of -G-8 Ecocompers symposium about munity) Manday 9:00 -SCPW and whome the acrit excods SRP((community and Mr. 1000 manify to the in - LGU Prevent the scread School) 2nd Monday of June of Diseases Community socher reamery Housellines thorough Organic Ferlinzer -Teachers (School Based) after WHITE program - School Contreen thad resembly 40 HER DUNK FROM --compost pri With -School (July Uraces Ist Week of July ANNY extract pased) shape materage -lo use as ferlihzer Template 2 OF IMPROPER WASTE DISPOSAL Objective . To SPREAD AWARENESS EFFECTS ABOUT THE BAIDTEIR TIMETABLE TASKING CWIPUT/S EXPECTED OBJECTIVE June 2016 House to compens. · 10 missen trash To collect 150470 I backet Recovery University Student particularly soliters know of cochefic and tool throppens after ST 2011-20 Organizations, of Build Project after St 2016-2017 and Olfts, Low talete · Somead Awareness · Balete NIIS and 2. School forums! Php 6,000 m · June 2014 · School . Youth Eco com about the effects OLFES W. QWORENLOS Semmons about pens), Liu (Balete) PROPER Waste disposed of improper waste and knowledge. Implementation of SKP. disposal and SAP. and SRP.

Figures 7. Sample outputs of Action Planning Workshops





Pictures 4 & 5. Actual conduct of workshops





Pictures 6 & 7. Actual reporting of outputs